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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/939,644 08/28/2001		08/28/2001	Noriyuki Arai	2185-0570P	4527	
2292	7590	11/04/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER	
BIRCH ST PO BOX 74		KOLASCH & B	ROBERTSON	ROBERTSON, JEFFREY		
		A 22040-0747	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
				1712		
				DATE MAILED: 11/04/2004	4	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/939,644		ARAI ET AL.	AT,			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
		Jeffrey B. R	obertson	1712				
Dorind f	The MAILING DATE of this communica	tion appears on the d	over sheet with the c	orrespondence add	lress			
Period f	or Kepty							
- External control con	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 six (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) day of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statuto are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, reply received by the Office later than three months after the deduction of the provided period for reply will, reply received by the Office later than three months after the deduction of the provided period for reply will, reply received by the Office later than three months after the provided period for reply will, reply received by the Office later than three months after the provided period for reply will, reply received by the Office later than three months after the provisions of the provisions	ATION. 7 CFR 1.136(a). In no event cation. ays, a reply within the statuto ry period will apply and will explored to the statute.	, however, may a reply be tim ry minimum of thirty (30) days xpire SIX (6) MONTHS from	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this com	nmunication.			
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed o	n 23 October 2002 a	and 23 August 2004					
2a) <u></u>	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice $\boldsymbol{\iota}$	ınder <i>Ex parte Quay</i>	le, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.	Helito 15			
Disposit	on of Claims		·					
	Claim(s) 1-9 is/are pending in the applic	eation						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>4 and 5</u> is/are		- (- (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
5)[]	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	withdrawn from con-	sideration.					
	Claim(s) <u>1-3 and 6-9</u> is/are rejected.							
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
ا_ارت	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election requ	Jirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9)[The specification is objected to by the Ex	raminer.						
10)[]	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)[accepted or b)	objected to by the F	xaminer				
	Applicant may not request that any objection	to the drawing(s) be h	eld in abevance See	37 CFR 1.85(a)				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the	correction is required i	f the drawing(s) is obje	cted to See 37 CED	1 101(4)			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by	the Examiner. Note	the attached Office A	Action or form PTO.	1.121(a). -152			
	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119		,	10.1017 01 1011117 10-	-132.			
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo	oroian priority undor	2511.00.0440()	(1)				
a)[☑ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	oreign priority under	35 0.5.C. § 119(a)-((a) or (1).				
,-	1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority docu	Imonto hovo hoon n						
	2. Certified copies of the priority docu	iments have been re	ceived.					
	and a priority door	aments have been re	ceived in Application	1 No				
	I was a summary popios of the	e priority documents	have been received	in this National Sta	age			
* S	application from the International E	sureau (PCT Rule 1)	7.2(a)).					
	ee the attached detailed Office action for	a list of the certified	copies not received.	•				
ttachment(•							
) Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) [☐ Interview Summary (P	TO-413)				
)	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/5		Paper No(s)/Mail Date	· ·				
Paper	No(s)/Mail Date <u>0402</u> .	SB/08) 5) L 6) [Notice of Informal Pate Other:	ent Application (PTO-15	2)			
Patent and Tra	demark Office 7. 1-04)							

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election of structural unit (2) and polycarbonate in the reply filed on 10/23/02 and 8/23/04 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)). It is noted that applicant has stated that claims 1-3 and 6-9 read on the elected species.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation

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under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

5. Claims 1-3 and 6-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miyazaki et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,010,760).

For claims 1, 8, and 9, in column 2, lines 25-50, Miyazaki teaches 99-50 wt % of a thermoplastic resin and 1-50 wt. % of a liquid crystal polymer that are used to form molded articles. In column 4, lines 48-50, Miyazaki teaches that the thermoplastic resin is a polycarbonate resin. Regarding the deflection temperature, Miyazaki fails to expressly teach this temperature of the polycarbonate resins. However, the examiner's position is that this temperature is an inherent property of the IUPILON S3000 polycarbonate resin used by Miyazaki in the Examples of the patent.

In column 6, lines 43-51, Miyazaki teaches that the liquid crystal polymers contain units derived from p-hydroxybenzoic acid (A₁), 4,4'-dihydroxybiphenyl (C₁), terephthalic acid (B₁), and isophthalic acid (B₂). In Table 1, for claims 1, 3, and 9, Miyazaki teaches that the flow beginning temperatures of 250 °C. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to formulate liquid crystal polymers having the above units so that the flow temperature is 250 °C. The motivation would have been that Miyazaki teaches that the above units are used to form liquid crystalline polymers and Miyazaki prefers flow temperatures of 250 °C.

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Regarding claim 6, the molar ratios set forth in the claim would be inherently fulfilled in formulating liquid crystalline polymers with flow temperatures of 250 °C.

For claim 7, in column 16, line 63 through column 17, line 2, Miyazaki teaches that fillers may be added to the composition.

Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Inoue et al. (U.S. Patent No. 4,943,606), Furuta et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,498,689), Furuta et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,646,209), Furuta et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,891,532), Rubin et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,981,007), and Nagashima et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,194,524) are cited for general interest.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeffrey B. Robertson whose telephone number is (571) 272-1092. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 7:00-3:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Randy P Gulakowski can be reached on (571) 272-1302. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jeffrey B. Robertson Primary Examiner Art Unit 1712

JBR